## (Mark One)

[x] Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended April 30, 2000
[ ] Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from $\qquad$ to

## Commission File Number 0-29230

TAKE-TWO INTERACTIVE SOFTWARE, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| DELAWARE | $51-0350842$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| (State of incorporation | (IRS Employer |
| or organization) | Identification No.) |

575 Broadway, New York, NY
10012
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code (212) 334-6633
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No_

As of June 12, 2000, there were $28,887,788$ shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

TAKE-TWO INTERACTIVE SOFTWARE, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES QUARTER ENDED APRIL 30, 2000

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* This amended form $10-\mathrm{Q}$ is being filed as the result of the following: On February 12, 2002, the Company restated its financial statements for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2000, each of the quarters of fiscal 2000 and the three fiscal quarters of fiscal 2001. All financial data in this report reflects this restatement. See Note 2 of Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

Item 1.
TAKE-TWO INTERACTIVE SOFTWARE, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets
As of April 30, 2000 and October 31, 1999 (Unaudited)

## ASSETS

Current assets
Cash and cash equivalents
Accounts receivable, net of allowances
of $\$ 4,929,269$ and $\$ 6,816,682$, respectively
Inventories
Prepaid royalties
Prepaid expenses and other current assets
Marketable securities
Deferred tax asset
Total current assets
Fixed assets, net
Prepaid royalties
Capitalized software development costs, net
Investment in affiliates
Other investments
Intangibles, net
Other assets, net
Total assets

LIABILITIES and STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:
Current liabilities:

Accounts payable
Accrued expenses
Lines of credit, current portion
Current portion of capital lease obligation
Notes payable, net of discount
Total current liabilities
Notes payable, net of current portion
Capital lease obligation, net of current portion Other liabilities
Minority interest
Total liabilities
\$ 39,578,580 17, 988,909 68,173,141 38, 269
---------
125,778,899
--
44,261
399,000
$1,500,000$
-------
$127,722,160$

44, 261 399, 000 127,722,160

Commitments and contingencies
Stockholders' equity:
Common stock, par value $\$ .01$ per share;
50,000,000 shares authorized;
$28,879,122$ and $23,085,455$ shares
issued and outstanding

| 288,791 | 230,855 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 135,037,191 | 67,345,381 |
| $(23,159)$ | $(47,925)$ |
| 15, 012, 704 | 18,401, 625 |
| $(2,676,246)$ | $(827,019)$ |
| 147,639, 281 | 85,102,917 |
| \$ 275,361,441 | \$ 232,716,377 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated condensed financial statements

Net sales
Cost of sales

## Gross profit

Operating expenses:
Selling and marketing
General and administrative
Research and development costs

Depreciation and amortization
Total operating expenses

Income from operations

Interest expense, net
Gain on sale of subsidary, net
Equity in loss of affiliate
Total non operating expenses
(Loss) income before income taxes
(Benefit) provision for income taxes

Net (loss) income

Per share data:
Basic:
Weighted average common shares outstanding
Net (loss) income per share
Diluted:
Weighted average common shares outstanding
Net (loss) income per share



| $(12,855,079)$ |  | 2,551,202 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(4,395,569)$ |  | 990, 030 |
| \$ (8,459,510) | \$ | 1,561,172 |


| Six months ended April 30,  <br> 2000 1999 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Restated |  |

$$
9,489,469
$$

$$
10,637,381
$$

$$
1,224,149
$$

$$
1,013,421
$$

$$
22,364,420
$$

$$
(870,883)
$$

$$
1,599,470
$$

$$
19,968,682
$$

$$
21,978,889
$$

$$
(6,824,654)
$$

$$
(2,330,672)
$$

\$ $(4,493,982)$
\$ 4,456,008
=============
$18,674,517$
===ニ=========
$\$ \quad 0.24$
=============
\$
\$ 0.22

TAKE-TWO INTERACTIVE SOFTWARE, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows
For the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999 (unaudited)

Cash flows from operating activities:
Net (loss) income
Adjustment to reconcile net income
to net cash used in operating activities:
Depreciation and amortization
Loss on disposal of fixed assets
Gain on sale of subsidiary
Stock received in consideration of license revenues
Equity in loss of affiliate
Provision for doubtful accounts
Provision for inventory
Amortization of deferred compensation
Forfeiture of compensatory stock options
in connection with AIM acquisition
Amortization of affiliate purchase option
Issuance of compensatory stock
Changes in operating assets and liabilities,
net of effects of acquisitions:
Decrease in accounts receivable
Decrease in inventories, net
Increase in prepaid royalties
Increase in advances to developers
Increase in prepaid expenses and
other current assets
(Increase) decrease in capitalized
software development costs
Decrease in other assets, net
Decrease in accounts payable
Increase in accrued expenses
Decrease in other liabilities
Net cash used in operating activities

Cash flows from investing activities:
Purchase of fixed assets
Cash paid for investments
Acquisitions, net cash paid
Additional cash paid for prior acquisition
Net cash used in investing activities

Cash flows from financing activities:
Net borrowings under the line of credit
Repayment on notes payable
Proceeds from exercise of stock options
Proceeds from private placements
Proceeds from minority interest Proceeds from the exercise of public warrants Repayment of capital lease obligation
Tax benefit from exercise of stock options
Net cash provided by financing activities

## Effect of foreign exchange rates

Net decrease in cash for the period
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period

Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities Gain from DVDWave transactions

Stock received in consideration of license revenue
Gathering purchase option

$(1,599,373)$
$(5,975,000) \quad(1,332,000)$
$(81,712)$
$(3,013,085)$

2,602, 236
$(409,381)$
1,965,815

223, 889
$(51,226)$
723,323
$5,054,656$
$(613,426)$

| $(1,315,692)$ |
| :---: |
| $2,762,837$ |
| $\cdots-\cdots-\cdots$ |
| $\$ 1,447,145$ |


| $\$$ |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| $============$ |  |
| $\$$ | -- |
| $============$ |  |
| $\$ 1,275,000$ |  |
| ============ |  |

Fair value of assets acquired:

Inventories, net
Prepaid expenses and other assets Property and Equipment, net Goodwill
Less liabilities assumed
Line of credit
Accounts payable
Accrued expenses
Other liabilities
Other long term liabilities
Stock issued
Direct transaction costs
Investment interest and purchase option
Cash paid
Less cash acquired
Net cash paid (acquired)

|  | 2,301,672 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4,899,200 | 320,123 |
| 1,011, 622 | 629,155 |
| 60,785,209 | 5,136,686 |
| -- |  |
| -- | $(2,210,517)$ |
| $(7,267,828)$ | $(6,132,408)$ |
| $(1,059,742)$ | $(370,972)$ |
| $(1,540,405)$ |  |
| -- |  |
| $(48,980,169)$ | $(5,237,842)$ |
| - - | $(206,964)$ |
| $(3,963,696)$ |  |
| 4,469,881 | 425,577 |
| $(195,270)$ | $(343,865)$ |
| 4,274,611 | \$ 81,712 |
| $=======$ | ======== |

During the six months ended April 30, 2000, the Company paid $\$ 1,276,900$ in cash and issued $\$ 161,140$ in common stock related to a prior period acquisition. Such payments were capitalized and recorded as Goodwill.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated condensed financial statements. Certain amounts have been reclassified for comparative purposes

TAKE-TWO INTERACTIVE SOFTWARE, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Stockholders' Equity
For the year ended October 31, 1999 and the six months ended April 30, 2000 (unaudited)

|  | Common <br> Shares | Stock <br> Amount |  | Additional <br> Paid-in <br> Capital | Deferred Compensation |  | Retained Earnings |  | umulated ther omprehensive Income Loss) |  | Total | Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance, November 1, 1998 | 18, 071, 972 | \$180, 719 | \$ | 33,546,417 | \$ $(223,657)$ | \$ | 2,069,522 | \$ | $(7,433)$ | \$ | 35,565,568 | \$ 7, 304, 367 |
| Issuance of compensatory stock options | 536,923 | 5,369 |  | 831,203 | $(5,625)$ |  | -- |  | -- |  | 830,947 |  |
| Exercise of stock options | 613,218 | 6,133 |  | 2,378,753 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 2,384,886 |  |
| Amortization of deferred compensation | -- | -- |  | -- | 181,357 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 181,357 |  |
| Forfeiture of compensatory stock options in connection with AIM acquisition | -- | -- |  | $(146,418)$ | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | $(146,418)$ |  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with LDA and Joytech acquisition | 364,766 | 3,648 |  | 3,716,965 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 3,720,613 |  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with DVDWave.com acquisition | 50,000 | 500 |  | 505,750 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 506,250 |  |
| ```Issuance of common stock in connection with Funsoft acquisition``` | 60,281 | 603 |  | 466,575 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 467,178 |  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with the investment in affiliate | 125,000 | 1,250 |  | 1,273,750 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 1,275,000 |  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with the Triad and Global acquisition | 162,500 | 1,625 |  | 1,399,938 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 1,401,563 |  |
| Proceeds from exercise of public warrants | 40,795 | 408 |  | 223,481 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 223,889 |  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with a public offering, net of issuance costs | 3,005,000 | 30,050 |  | 21,822,509 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 21,852,559 |  |
| Issuance of common stock in lieu of royalty payments | 55,000 | 550 |  | 332, 200 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 332,750 |  |
| Tax benefit in connection with the exercise of stock options | -- | -- |  | 994,258 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 994,258 |  |
| Foreign currency <br> translation adjustment | -- | -- |  | -- | -- |  | -- |  | $(819,586)$ |  | $(819,586)$ | $(819,586)$ |
| Net income | -- | -- |  | -- | -- |  | 16,332,103 |  | -- |  | 16,332,103 | 16,332,103 |
| Balance, October 31, 1999 | 23, 085,455 | 230,855 |  | 67,345,381 | $(47,925)$ |  | 18,401, 625 |  | $(827,019)$ |  | 85,102,917 | 15,512,517 |
| Exercise of stock options | 1,099,507 | 10,995 |  | 5,386,607 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 5,397,602 |  |
| Amortization of deferred compensation | -- | -- |  | -- | 24,766 |  | -- |  | -- |  | 24,766 |  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with LDA and Joytech acquisition | 15,798 | 158 |  | 160,982 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 161,140 |  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Pixel acquisition | 2,561,245 | 25,612 |  | 38,553,140 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 38,578,752 |  |
| Issuance of common stock <br> in connection with <br> GOD acquisition | 1,060, 017 | 10,600 |  | 10,390, 817 | -- |  | -- |  | -- |  | 10,401,417 |  |

[^0]Issuance of common stock in lieu of repayment of debt assumed from Pixel

Issuance of common stock in connection with the purchase of DVD

Tax benefit in connection with the exercise of stock options

Foreign currency translation adjustment

Unrealized gain on
available-for-sale securities

Net loss - restated

Balance, April 30, 2000

- Restated


The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated condensed financial statements. Certain amounts have been reclassified for comparative purposes

TAKE-TWO INTERACTIVE SOFTWARE, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Interim Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Organization:

Take-Two Interactive Software, Inc. (the "Company") is a leading global developer, publisher and distributor of interactive software games designed for multimedia personal computers and video game console platforms.
2. Restatement of Financial Statements

In November 2001, the Company engaged outside counsel to conduct an
investigation into the Company's accounting treatment of certain transactions in fiscal 2000 and 2001. Counsel was assisted in its investigation by forensic accountants.

As a result of the investigation, the Company restated its previously issued consolidated financial statements for fiscal 2000 and each of the quarters in fiscal 2000 and the first three quarters in fiscal 2001. The restatement of the financial statements for the three and six months ended April 30, 2000 relates to the elimination of $\$ 286,398$ and $\$ 2,481,455$, respectively, of net sales made to independent third party distributors and related cost of sales of $\$ 1,138,009$ and $\$ 2,008,663$, respectively, and the related tax effect, which were improperly recognized as revenue since the products were later returned or repurchased by the Company.

In addition, the Company reviewed its revenue recognition policy, reserve policies and its accounting for certain other transactions. As a result of this review for the three and six months ended April 30, 2000, the Company recorded a non-cash charge of $\$ 19,206,000$ and the related tax effect, representing the Company's portion of the losses incurred by an affiliate accounted for under the equity method in accordance with the provisions of EITF No. 99-10, "Percentage Used to Determine the Amount of Equity Method Losses." As a result, the Company will record a net reduction of post acquisition amortization subsequent to the acquisition of the remaining $80 \%$ interest in this entity. (See Note 6).

The effect of the restatement for the three and six months ended April 30, 2000 is as follows:

|  | Three months ended April 30, 2000 |  |  | Six months ended April 30, 2000 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | As Reported | Restatement | As Restated | As Reported | Restatement | As <br> Restated |
| Statement of |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operations Data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 70,036,073 | $(286,398)$ | 69,749,675 | 192, 925,799 | $(2,481,455)$ | 190,444,344 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Income from operations* | 7,480,442 | $(19,272)$ | 7,461,170 | 16,497,910 | $(1,343,675)$ | 15,154,235 |
| Equity in loss |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of affiliate | 606,378 | 19,206,000 | 19,812,378 | 762,682 | 19,206,000 | 19,968,682 |
| (Loss) income before provision |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| for income taxes | 5,499,310 | $(18,354,389)$ | $(12,855,079)$ | 12,854,138 | $(19,678,792)$ | $(6,824,654)$ |
| (Benefit) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Provision for |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| income taxes | 2,145,099 | $(6,540,668)$ | $(4,395,569)$ | 4,713,269 | $(7,043,941)$ | $(2,330,672)$ |
| Net (loss) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| income | 3,354,211 | $(11,813,721)$ | $(8,459,510)$ | 8,140,869 | $(12,634,851)$ | $(4,493,982)$ |
| Basic (loss) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| income per share | 0.13 | (0.46) | (0.33) | 0.33 | (0.51) | (0.18) |
| Diluted (loss) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| income per share | 0.13 | (0.46) | (0.33) | 0.32 | (0.50) | (0.18) |

*The gain on sale of subsidiary of $\$ 870,883$ was reclassified from general and administrative expenses to non-operating expenses for the three and six months ended April 30, 2000.

April 30, 2000
As Reported As Restated

| Balance Sheet Data |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Accounts receivable | $82,628,593$ | $80,830,267$ |
| Inventories | $39,205,394$ | $40,506,732$ |
| Prepaid royalties - current | $23,662,774$ | $26,986,970$ |
| Intangibles, net | $112,542,733$ | $90,036,733$ |
| Total assets | $295,040,233$ | $275,361,441$ |
| Accrued expenses | $25,032,850$ | $17,988,909$ |
| Total liabilities | $134,766,101$ | $127,722,160$ |
| Retained earnings | $27,647,555$ | $15,012,704$ |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | $295,040,233$ | $275,361,441$ |

Amendment of Credit Agreement
As a result of the restatement, in February 2002, the Company retroactively amended its covenants under the credit agreement with Bank of America, N.A. to December 1999. Accordingly, as of April 30, 2000, the Company was in compliance with the covenants, as amended.

All applicable amounts relating to the aforementioned restatements have been reflected in these unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements and notes thereto.
3.Significant Accounting Policies and Transactions:

## Basis of Presentation

The Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all information and disclosures necessary for a presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. In the opinion of management, these financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring accruals, necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for such periods. The results of operations for any interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1999.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. The most significant estimates and assumptions relate to: the recoverability of capitalized software development costs, prepaid royalties, advances to developers and other intangibles, allowances for returns and income taxes. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

Prepaid Royalties
Prepaid royalties represent prepayments made to independent software developers under development agreements. Prepaid royalties are expensed at the contractual royalty rate as cost of goods sold based on actual net product sales. Management continuously evaluates the future realization of prepaid royalties, and charges to cost of sales any amount that management deems unlikely to be realized at the contractual royalty rate through product sales. Prepaid royalties are classified as current and non-current assets based upon estimated net product sales within the next year.

Prepaid royalties were written down by $\$ 109,242$ and $\$ 187,414$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, and \$109,242 and \$844,112 for the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, to estimated net realizable value. Amortization of prepaid royalties amounted to $\$ 1,746,916$ and $\$ 1,952,532$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, and $\$ 4,752,516$ and $\$ 3,882,371$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

Capitalized Software Development Costs
Costs associated with research and development are expensed as incurred. Software development costs incurred subsequent to establishing technological feasibility are capitalized. Capitalized software costs are compared, by game title, to estimated net realizable value of the product and amounts in excess of estimated net realizable value, if any, are immediately written off.

Capitalized software costs were written down by $\$ 240,184$ and $\$ 520,068$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, and $\$ 249,184$ and $\$ 688,068$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, to estimated net realizable value. Amortization of capitalized software costs amounted to $\$ 260,087$ and $\$ 180,000$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, and \$328,970 and \$230,000 for the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

Segment Reporting
Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information", establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments in annual financial statements. FAS No. 131 had no impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The Company's operations fall within one reportable segment as defined by FAS No. 131.

## Revenue Recognition

Distribution revenue is derived from the sale of third-party interactive software games and hardware and is recognized upon the shipment of product to retailers. Distribution revenue amounted to $\$ 33,215,441$ and $\$ 21,065,177$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, and $\$ 93,160,090$ and $\$ 65,415,815$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999 , respectively. The Company sometimes negotiates accommodations to retailers, including price discounts, credits and product returns, when demand for specific products fall below expectations. Historically, the Company's write-offs from returns for its distribution activities have been less than $1 \%$ of distribution revenues. Publishing revenue is derived from the sale of internally developed interactive software games or from the sale of product licensed from a third party developer and is recognized upon the shipment of product to retailers. Publishing revenue amounted to $\$ 36,534,234$ and $\$ 31,100,155$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively, and $\$ 97,284,254$ and $\$ 55,030,170$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, respectively. The Company has historically experienced a product return rate of approximately $10 \%$ of gross publishing revenues.

The Company's distribution arrangements with retailers generally do not give them the right to return products, however, the Company generally accepts product returns for stock balancing or defective products. The Company's publishing arrangements require the Company to accept product returns. The Company establishes a reserve for future returns at the time of product sales, based primarily on these return policies, markdown allowances, and historical return rates, and as such, the Company recognizes revenues net of product returns.
4. Income Taxes

The provisions for income taxes for the three months ended, as well as for the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999 are based on the Company's estimated annualized tax rate for the respective years, after giving effect to the utilization of available tax credits and tax planning opportunities.
5. Net (Loss) Income per Share

The following table provides a reconciliation of basic earnings per share to diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999.

|  | Net (Loss) Income | Shares | Per Share Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three Months Ended April 30, 2000 - Restated: Basic and diluted | \$(8,459,510) | 25,698,852 | \$(.33) |
| Three Months Ended April 30, 1999: Basic | \$ 1,561,172 | 19,152,376 | \$. 08 |
| Effect of dilutive securities Stock options and warrants |  | 1,598,744 | -- |
| Diluted | \$ 1,561, 172 | 20,751,120 | \$. 08 |
| Six Months Ended April 30, 2000 - Restated: Basic and diluted | \$(4,493, 982 ) | 24,423,859 | \$(.18) |
| Six Months Ended April 30, 1999: Basic |  |  |  |
| Basic Effect of dilutive securities - | \$ 4,456,008 | 18,674,517 | \$. 24 |
| Stock options and warrants |  | 1,457,143 | (.02) |
| Diluted | \$ 4,456,008 | 20,131,660 | \$. 22 |

As the Company reported net losses for the three and six months ended April 30, 2000, all 1,120,325 and 1,207,504 of the options and warrants outstanding for these periods, respectively, were anti-dilutive, and therefore, there were no reconciling items between basic and diluted loss per share.

In March 2000, the Company acquired from Broadband Solutions, Inc. all the outstanding capital stock of Toga Holdings, BV ("Toga") which owns Pixel Broadband Studios, Ltd. ("Pixel"). Pixel is a leading developer of multiplayer broadband gaming technology. The outstanding shares of Toga were exchanged for approximately $\$ 4.45$ million in cash and $2,561,245$ shares of common stock of the Company.

In May 1998, the Company entered into a distribution agreement with Gathering of Developers Ltd ("Gathering"), a publisher of PC and video games. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company agreed to pay Gathering advance royalty payments of up to $\$ 7.5$ million for the rights to distribute certain PC titles. In February 1999, the Company amended the May 1998 distribution agreement under which the Company agreed to pay Gathering advance royalty payments of up to $\$ 12.5$ million (inclusive of the payments under the May 1998 agreement). The Company's advance royalty payments under the February 1999 agreement were to be recouped from royalties due to Gathering under the distribution agreement after payment of the Company's distribution fee. The Company also made advance royalty payments to Gathering in a similar arrangement under various publishing agreements for video games.

In February 1999, the Company purchased a $19.9 \%$ equity interest in Gathering for approximately $\$ 4$ million. The investment was accounted for by the equity method due to the Company having significant influence over Gathering. The difference between the carrying value of the investment and the underlying equity in the net assets of approximately $\$ 4,377,000$, was attributed to goodwill and was amortized using the straight-line method over the period of expected benefit of seven years. Such amortization has been included in the equity in loss of affiliate.

In addition, the equity holders of Gathering granted the Company an option to purchase all of their interests, exercisable on two separate occasions during the six-month periods ending April 30, 2001 and 2002 based on a fixed formula. In consideration of the option grant, the Company issued to Gathering's equity holders 125,000 shares of common stock, valued at $\$ 1,275,000$, which was amortized over the term of the purchase option, which expired unexercised in April 2000 upon acquisition of the remaining $80 \%$ equity interest in Gathering.

Until October 31, 1999, the Company recognized its proportionate share of the losses in Gathering using the equity method of accounting. Effective November 1, 1999, the Company recognized its share of losses in accordance with the provisions of EITF 99-10. This resulted in an additional charge of $\$ 19,206,000$ in the second quarter of fiscal 2000 (See Note 2).

In April 2000, the Company acquired the remaining $80.1 \%$ of the equity interest of Gathering for $1,060,000$ shares of its Common Stock (valued at $\$ 10.4$ million) and assumed liabilities of approximately $\$ 3$ million. The aforementioned charge of $\$ 19,206,000$ effectively reduced the cost of Gathering by the same amount, and will result in a net reduction for post acquisition amortization in future periods. See Note 2.

The acquisitions have been accounted for as a purchase. The Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations include the operating results of each business from the date of acquisition

The following unaudited pro forma results below assumes the acquisitions occurred on November 1, 1998:

Net Sales
Net Income
Net (loss) Income per share (basic)
Net (loss) Income per share (fully diluted)

| Six Months Ended | Six Months Ended |
| :---: | :---: |
| April 30, 2000 | April 30, 1999 |
| \$197, 736, 224 | \$130, 757, 766 |
| \$ (4, 057, 580) | \$288, 963 |
| \$(0.17) | \$0.01 |
| \$(0.16) | \$0.01 |

The pro forma financial information is not necessarily indicative of the operating results that would have occurred had the acquisitions of Toga and Gathering been consummated as of November 1, 1998 nor are they necessarily indicative of future operating results.
7. Disposition of DVDWave.com

The Company has sold all of the capital stock of Falcon Ventures Corporation d/b/a DVDWave.com to eUniverse, Inc. for 310,000 shares of common stock. The Company has recognized a gain of $\$ 870,883$ in connection with the transaction.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Restatement of Historical Financial Statements

In November 2001, in connection with an informal and voluntary request from the SEC to provide documents, the Company engaged outside counsel to conduct an investigation into the Company's accounting treatment of certain transactions in fiscal 2000 and 2001. Counsel retained advisors to perform a forensic accounting investigation.

As a result of the investigation, the Company restated its previously issued consolidated financial statements for fiscal 2000 and each of the quarters in iscal 2000 and the first three quarters in fiscal 2001. The restatement of the financial statements for the three and six months ended April 30, 2000 relates to the elimination of $\$ 286,398$ and $\$ 2,481,455$, respectively, of net sales made to independent third party distributors and related cost of sales of \$1,138,009 and $\$ 2,008,663$, respectively, and the related tax effect, which were improperly recognized as revenue since the products were later returned or repurchased by the Company.

In addition, the Company reviewed its revenue recognition policy, reserve policies and its accounting for certain other transactions. As a result of this review for the three and six months ended April 30, 2000, the Company recorded a non-cash charge of $\$ 19,206,000$ and the related tax effect, representing the Company's portion of the losses incurred by an affiliate accounted for under the equity method in accordance with the provisions of EITF No. 99-10, "Percentage Used to Determine the Amount of Equity Method Losses." As a result, the Company will record a net reduction of post acquisition amortization subsequent to the acquisition of the remaining $80 \%$ interest in this entity. (See Notes 2 and 6 of Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements).

Safe Harbor Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: The statements contained herein which are not historical facts are forward looking statements that involve material risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to: risks associated with the Company's future growth, prospects and operating results; the ability of the Company to successfully integrate the businesses and personnel of newly acquired entities into its operations; the availability of adequate sources of financing; credit risks; inventory obsolescence; products returns; failure of our products to sell-through by retailers; changes in consumer preferences and demographics; technological change; competitive factors; unfavorable general economic conditions; and other factors described herein and in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 as filed with the Securities And Exchange Commission, any or all of which could have a material adverse affect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Actual results may vary significantly from such forward-looking statements.

Overview

The Company derives its principal sources of revenues from publishing and distribution activities. Publishing revenues are derived from the sale of internally developed interactive entertainment software products or products licensed from third parties. Distribution revenues are derived from the sale of third-party software and hardware products. Publishing activities generally generate higher margins than distribution activities, with sales of PC software resulting in higher margins than sales of cartridges designed for video game consoles. The Company recognizes revenue from software sales when products are shipped.

The Company's published products are subject to return if not sold to consumers, including for stock balancing, markdowns or defective products. The Company establishes a reserve for future returns of published products at the time of product sales, based primarily on these return policies and historical return rates, and the Company recognize revenues net of product returns. The Company has historically experienced a product return rate of approximately $10 \%$ of gross publishing revenues (less than $1 \%$ of distribution revenues). If future product returns significantly exceed these reserves, the Company's operating results would materially be adversely affected.

Research and development costs (consisting primarily of salaries and related costs) incurred prior to establishing technological feasibility are expensed in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") No. 86 "Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to Be Sold Leased, or Otherwise Marketed". In accordance with FAS No. 86, the Company capitalizes software development costs subsequent to establishing technological feasibility (completion of a detailed program design) which is amortized (included in cost of sales) based on the greater of the proportion of current year sales to total estimated sales commencing with the product's release or the straight line method. At April 30, 2000, the Company had capitalized $\$ 3,415,467$ of software development costs. The Company evaluates the recoverability of capitalized software costs, which may be reduced materially in future periods. See Note 2 to Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the percentage of net sales represented by certain items reflected in the Company's statement of operations:

|  | Three Months Ended April 30, |  | Six Months Ended April 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2000 |  | 2000 |  |
|  | Restated | 1999 | Restated | 1999 |
| Net sales | 100.0 \% | 100.0 \% | 100.0 \% | 100.0\% |
| Cost of sales | 58.3 | 69.2 | 66.2 | 74.4 |
| Selling and marketing | 14.2 | 10.2 | 13.2 | 7.9 |
| General and administrative | 11.8 | 11.9 | 9.2 | 8.8 |
| Research and development costs | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.0 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 3.1 | 1.1 | 1.9 | . 8 |
| Interest expense | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 |
| Income taxes | (6.3) | 1.9 | (1.2) | 2.0 |
| Net income | (12.1) | 3.0 | (2.4) | 3.7 |

Net sales increased by $\$ 17,584,343$ or $33.7 \%$ to $\$ 69,749,675$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 52,165,332$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. The increase in net sales was primarily attributable to the Company's expanded distribution operations. Distribution revenues increased by \$12,150,264 or $57.7 \%$, to $\$ 33,215,441$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 21,065,177$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. In addition, publishing revenues increased by $\$ 5,434,079$, or $17.5 \%$ to $\$ 36,534,234$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from \$31,100, 155 for the three months ended April 30, 1999.

Cost of sales increased by $\$ 4,558,177$ or $12.6 \%$ to $\$ 40,643,194$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 36,085,017$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. This increase was primarily a result of the expanded scope of the company's operations. Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales decreased from $69.2 \%$ to $58.3 \%$ primarily due to higher margin international and PC publishing activities. In future periods, cost of sales may be adversely affected by manufacturing and other costs, price competition and by changes in product and sales mix and distribution channels.

Selling and marketing expenses increased by $\$ 4,583,795$, or $86.0 \%$, to $\$ 9,912,061$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 5,328,266$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. Selling and marketing expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to $14.2 \%$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from 10.2\% for the three months ended April 30, 1999. The increase in both absolute dollars and as a percentage of net sales was primarily attributable to increased marketing and promotion efforts undertaken to broaden product distribution and to assist retailers in positioning our products for sale to consumers.

General and administrative expenses increased by \$1,969,710, or $31.6 \%$ to $\$ 8,195,593$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 6,225,883$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales remained constant as compared to the prior period. This increase in absolute dollars was primarily attributable to salaries, rent, insurance premiums and professional fees associated with the Company's expanded operations. The decrease as a percentage of net sales is a result of increased revenue growth without a proportionate increase in fixed costs.

Research and development costs increased by $\$ 731,865$, or $115.8 \%$, to $\$ 1,363,870$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 632,005$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. This increase was primarily attributable to the Company's expansion of its product development operations. Research and development costs as a percentage of net sales remained relatively constant.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased by $\$ 1,613,781$ or $288.2 \%$, to $\$ 2,173,787$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 560,006$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. The increase was primarily due to the amortization of intangible assets from acquisitions.

Interest expense increased by $\$ 591,801$, or $75.6 \%$, to $\$ 1,374,754$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 782,953$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. The increase resulted from increased bank borrowings.

Gain on sale of subsidiary represented a gain of $\$ 870,883$ relating to the sale of capital stock of Falcon Ventures Corporation d/b/a DVDWave.com.

Equity in loss of affiliate increased for the three months ended April 30, 2000. In accordance with EITF 99-10, the Company incurred a charge of $\$ 19,812,378$ for the Company's share of losses incurred by Gathering of Developers ("Gathering") prior to the acquisition of the then remaining interest in Gathering. The increase over the prior quarter is the result of increased losses at Gathering coupled with the implementation of EITF 99-10. See Note 6 of Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

Income taxes decreased by $\$ 5,385,599$ to a tax benefit of $\$ 4,395,569$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000 from a tax provision of $\$ 990,030$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999. The change primarily resulted from the pre-tax loss generated for the three months ended January 31, 2000 as compared to pre-tax income in the prior comparable quarter.

As a result of the foregoing, the Company's operations resulted in a net loss of $\$ 8,459,510$ for the three months ended April 30, 2000, as compared to net income of $\$ 1,561,172$ for the three months ended April 30, 1999.

Results of Six Months Ended April 30, 2000 and 1999
Net sales increased by $\$ 69,998,359$ or $58.1 \%$ to $\$ 190,444,344$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 120,445,985$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. The increase in net sales was primarily attributable to the Company's expanded presence in international markets. International publishing revenues increased by $\$ 29,565,787$ or $98.4 \%$, to $\$ 59,615,309$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 30,049,522$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. In addition, revenues from distribution activities increased by $\$ 27,744,275$, or $42.4 \%$ to $\$ 93,160,090$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 65,415,815$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999.

Cost of sales increased by $\$ 36,423,292$ or $40.6 \%$ to $\$ 126,046,149$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 89,622,857$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. This increase was primarily a result of the expanded scope of the Company's operations. Cost of sales as a percentage of net sales decreased primarily due to the higher margin publishing activities. In future periods, cost of sales may be adversely affected by manufacturing and other costs, price competition and by changes in product and sales mix and distribution channels.

Selling and marketing expenses increased by $\$ 15,698,216$, or $165.4 \%$, to
$\$ 25,187,685$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 9,489,469$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. Selling and marketing expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 13.2\% for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from 7.9\% for the six months ended April 30, 1999. The increase in both absolute dollars and as a percentage of net sales was primarily attributable to increased marketing and promotion efforts undertaken to broaden product distribution and to assist retailers in positioning our products for sale to consumers.

General and administrative expenses increased by $\$ 6,853,132$, or $64.4 \%$, to $\$ 17,490,513$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 10,637,381$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales remained relatively constant for the six month period ended April 30, 2000 and 1999. The increase in absolute dollars was primarily attributable to salaries, rent, insurance premiums and professional fees associated with the Company's expanded operations.

Research and development costs increased by $\$ 1,765,159$, or $144.2 \%$, to $\$ 2,989,308$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 1,224,149$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. This increase was primarily attributable to the Company's expansion of its product development operations. Research and development costs as a percentage of net sales remained relatively constant.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased by $\$ 2,563,033$ or $252.9 \%$, to $\$ 3,576,454$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 1,013,421$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. The increase was primarily due to the amortization of intangible assets from acquisitions.

Interest expense increased by $\$ 1,281,620$, or $80.1 \%$, to $\$ 2,881,090$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from $\$ 1,599,470$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. The increase resulted primarily from increased bank borrowings.

Gain on sale of subsidiary represented a gain of $\$ 870,883$ relating to the sale of capital stock of Falcon Ventures Corporation d/b/a DVDWave.com.

Equity in loss of affiliate increased for the six months ended April 30, 2000. In accordance with EITF 99-10, the Company incurred a charge of $\$ 19,968,682$ for the Company's share of losses incurred by Gathering of Developers ("Gathering") prior to the acquisition for the then remaining interest in Gathering. The increase over the prior period is the result of increased losses at Gathering coupled with the implementation of EITF 99-10. See Notes 2 and 6 of Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

Income taxes decreased by $\$ 4,733,902$ to a tax benefit of $\$ 2,330,672$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000 from an income tax provision of $\$ 2,403,230$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. The increase in absolute dollars resulted primarily from a pre-tax loss for the six months ended April 30, 2000 as compared to pre-tax income for the prior comparable period.

As a result of the foregoing, the Company's operations resulted in a net loss of $\$ 4,493,982$ for the six months ended April 30, 2000, as compared to net income of \$4,456,008 for the six months ended April 30, 1999.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's primary capital requirements have been and will continue to be to fund the acquisition, development, manufacture and commercialization of its software products. The Company has historically financed its operations primarily through the issuance of debt and equity securities and bank borrowings. At April 30, 2000, the Company had working capital of $\$ 46,416,195$ as compared to working capital of \$41,438,968 at October 31, 1999.

Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended April 30, 2000 was $\$ 21,430,936$ compared to net cash used by operating activities of $\$ 2,743,837$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. The increase in net cash used in operating activities was primarily attributable to an increase in prepaid royalties. Net cash used in investing activities for the six months ended April 30, 2000 was $\$ 12,751,420$ as compared to net cash used in investing activities of $\$ 3,013,085$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. The increase in net cash used in investing was primarily attributable to the Company's acquisition activities and third party investments. Net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended April 30, 2000 was $\$ 29,345,187$ as compared to net cash provided by financing activities of $\$ 5,054,656$ for the six months ended April 30, 1999. The increase in net cash provided by financing activities was primarily attributed to an increase in net borrowings under the line of credit, cash received from private placements and the impact of increased exercises of stock options. At April 30, 2000, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of $\$ 3,185,666$.

In December 1999, the Company's subsidiary, Take-Two Interactive Software Europe Limited entered into a line of credit agreement with Barclays' Bank. The line of credit provides for borrowings of up to approximately British Pounds 17,000,000 approximately $\$ 25,000,000)$. Advances under the line of credit bear interest at the rate of $1.4 \%$ over Barclays' base rate per annum, payable quarterly. Borrowings are collateralized by receivables of the Company's European subsidiaries, and are guaranteed by the Company. The line of credit is repayable upon demand and is subject to review prior to November 29, 2000. The outstanding balance and available credit under the revolving line of credit is $\$ 18,190,158$ and $\$ 1,334,958$, respectively, as of April 30, 2000.

In December 1999, the Company entered into a credit agreement with a group of lenders led by Bank of America, N.A., as agent, which provides for borrowings of up to $\$ 75,000,000$. The Company may increase the credit line to up to $\$ 85,000,000$ subject to certain conditions. Interest accrues on such advances at the bank's prime rate plus . $5 \%$ or at LIBOR plus $2.5 \%$. Borrowings under the line of credit are collaterized by all of the Company's assets. Under the terms of the credit agreement, the Company is required to comply with certain financial, affirmative and negative covenants, including consolidated net worth, consolidated leverage ratio and consolidated fixed charge ratio. In addition, the credit agreement limits or prohibits the Company from declaring or paying cash dividends, merging or consolidating with another corporation, selling assets (other than in the ordinary course of business), creating liens and incurring additional indebtedness. In February 2002, certain financial covenants and several other covenants were amended retroactively to December 1999. Accordingly, as of April 30, 2000, the Company was in compliance with the covenants, as amended. The line of credit expires on December 7, 2002. The outstanding balance under the revolving line of credit is \$49,982,983 as of April 30, 2000.

In March and April 2000, the Company received net proceeds of $\$ 8,515,535$ from the sale of common stock.

The Company's accounts receivable, less an allowance for doubtful accounts and returns, at April 30, 2000 were $\$ 80,830,267$. Of such receivables, approximately $\$ 8,322,831$ or $10.3 \%$ were due from Ames Department Stores. Most of the Company's receivables are covered by insurance and generally have been collected in the ordinary course of business. The Company's sales are typically made on credit, with terms that vary depending upon the customer and the demand for the particular title being sold. The Company does not hold any collateral to secure payment from customers. As a result, the Company is subject to credit risks, particularly in the event that any of the receivables represent sales to a limited number of retailers or are concentrated in foreign markets. If the Company is unable to collect its accounts receivable as they become due and such accounts are not covered by insurance, the Company's liquidity and working capital position would be materially adversely affected.

Based on currently proposed operating plans and assumptions, the Company believes that projected revenues from operations and available cash resources will be sufficient to satisfy its contemplated cash requirements for the reasonably foreseeable future. The Company recently acquired from Broadband Solutions, Inc. all of the outstanding capital stock of Netherlands based Toga Holdings BV, which owns Pixel Broadband Studios, Ltd., a company engaged in the development of multiplayer broadband gaming technology, which may require the Company to seek additional financing to fund ongoing product and technology development efforts. The Company has entered into a letter of intent in connection with a proposed public offering of the securities of Broadband Studios, Inc., the parent of Pixel. There can be no assurance that projected revenues from operations and available cash resources will be sufficient to fund the Company's operations or future expansion activities (including technology development) or that any additional financing will be available to the Company on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Failure to obtain any such additional financing could severely limit the Company's ability to continue to expand its operations.

## Fluctuations in Operating Results and Seasonality

The Company has experienced and may continue to experience fluctuations in quarterly operating results as a result of timing in the introduction of new titles; variations in sales of titles developed for particular platforms; market acceptance of our titles; development and promotional expenses relating to the introduction of new titles, sequels or enhancements of existing titles; projected and actual changes in platforms; the timing and success of title introductions by our competitors; product returns; changes in pricing policies by us and our competitors; the accuracy of retailers' forecasts of consumer demand; the size and timing of acquisitions; the timing of orders from major customers; and order cancellations and delays in shipment.

Sales of our titles are seasonal, with peak shipments typically occurring in the fourth calendar quarter (our fourth and first fiscal quarters) as a result of increased demand for titles during the holiday season.

## International Operations

Product sales in international markets, primarily in the United Kingdom and other countries in Europe and the Pacific Rim, have accounted for an increasing portion of the Company's revenues. For the six months ended April 30, 2000 and 1999, sales of products in international markets accounted for approximately $35.0 \%$ and $27.7 \%$, respectively, of the Company's revenues. The Company is subject to risks inherent in foreign trade, including increased credit risks, tariffs and duties, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, shipping delays and international political, regulatory and economic developments, all of which can have a significant impact on the Company's operating results. Product sales in France and Germany are made in local currencies. The Company does not engage in foreign currency hedging transactions.

Year 2000
Pursuant to the year 2000 issue, the Company had developed programs to address the possible exposures related to the impact of computer systems incorrectly recognizing the year 2000 or " 00 " as 1900. As a result of implementation of its programs, the Company did not experience any significant Year 2000 disruptions during the transition from 1999 to 2000, and since entering 2000 the Company has not experienced any significant Year 2000 disruptions to its business. In addition, the Company is not aware of any significant disruptions impacting its customers or suppliers. The Company will continue to monitor its computer system over the next several months.

Costs incurred to achieve Year 2000 readiness, which included modification to existing systems, replacement or non-compliant systems and consulting resources were not material to the Company's total operating expenses.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION
Item 2. Changes in Securities
From February 2000 to April 2000, 202,500 options from the 1997 Stock Option Plan and 590,000 non-plan options were granted at exercise prices ranging from \$8.25 to \$12.64.

In March 2000, the Company issued 446,678 shares of Common Stock to an individual investor in exchange for $\$ 5$ million.

In April 2000, the Company issued 430,000 shares of Common Stock to a group of investors in a private placement for $\$ 3,515,535$ that was net of $\$ 246,965$ in commissions and discounts.

In connection with the above securities issuances, the Company relied on Section 4(2) and Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
(a) Exhibit

Exhibit 27 - Financial Data Schedule (SEC use Only)
(b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 14, 2000 relating to the acquisition of Pixel Broadband Studios, Ltd.

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Take-Two Interactive Software, Inc. has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Take-Two Interactive Software, Inc.

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By: /s/ Kelly Sumner
Dated: April 16, 2002
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$--------------\quad-\quad$ Kelly Sumner
Chief Executive Officer

TAKE-TWO INTERACTIVE SOFTWARE, INC. and SUBSIDIARIES
Financial Data Schedule
THE SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENT INCLUDED IN THIS QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q, AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

April 30,
2000

PERIOD TYPR
FISCAL-YEAR-END
6 -mons
Oct-31-2000
PERIOD-END
CASH Apr-30-2000 3,185, 666
7,013,750 85,759,536 4,929, 269
40,506,732
172,195, 094 9, 765, 273 4, 226, 126 275, 361, 441
125,778,899
288,791
147, 350, 490
275, 361, 441
190, 444, 344
190, 444, 344
126, 046,149
126,046,149
6,565,762
2,881, 090
6,824,654
2,330,672
4,493,982
(0.18)

EPS-BASIC
(0.18)


[^0]:    GOD acquisition

